Literature Searching and Referencing

Information Skills Librarians

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Become what you want to be
What we are covering

- Finding information
  - Journal articles by citation on the catalogue and Discovery Tool
  - Journal articles via the databases, e.g. CINAHL

- Searching Google and Websites

- Introduction to LSBU Harvard Referencing

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Searching for Journal articles

Ways of searching:
• By citation- journals tab
• By keyword / topic searching or by article title

Citation searching:

Exercise 1: Finding an article


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Database searching

Formulate a search strategy

1. Identify your **keywords**
2. Identify any alternative keywords

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## Effectiveness of vaccinations in children

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keyword</th>
<th>Alternative / related words</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CHILDREN</strong></td>
<td>Infants OR toddlers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VACCINATIONS</strong></td>
<td>Immunisation OR immunization OR Vaccine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EFFECTIVENESS</strong></td>
<td>efficacy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Examples

**EXAMPLE:** news  
**EXAMPLE:** media or television

**KEYWORD 1:**  
**ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 1:**

**KEYWORD 2:**  
**ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 2:**

**KEYWORD 3:**  
**ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 3:**

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EST 1892
Database searching
Search Tips

Truncation * e.g. child* will find child, children, childhood etc.

Phrase searching “” e.g. “young children”

OR for alternative terms (synonyms) e.g. child OR toddler - > increases the number of results

AND to connect words with different meanings, e.g. child* AND vaccination -> decreases the number of results
Effectiveness of vaccinations in children

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keyword</th>
<th>Alternative / related words</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE: news</td>
<td>EXAMPLE: media or television</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 1: Child*</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALTERATIVES FOR KEYWORD 1:</td>
<td>Infants OR toddlers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 2: Vaccin*</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALTERATIVES FOR KEYWORD 2:</td>
<td>Immuni*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 3: effectiveness</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALTERATIVES FOR KEYWORD 3:</td>
<td>efficacy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Databases

From the Find Journal Articles tab you can find:

- Cinahl
- Medline
- Science Direct
- PsycArticles
- PsycInfo
- Academic Search Complete

Can be searched together!

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Exercise 2: Database Searching

Your assignment questions

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Compliance with asthma management in teenagers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keyword</th>
<th>Alternative / related words</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE: news</td>
<td>EXAMPLE: media or television</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 1:</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>compliance</td>
<td>adherence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 2:</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“asthma manag*”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 3:</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teen*</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescents OR “young adults”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Non-pharmacological interventions for paediatric procedural pain

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>KEYWORD 1:</strong></td>
<td><strong>ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 1:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>non-pharmalogical</td>
<td>“alternative medicine” OR “complimentary medicine”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AND</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>KEYWORD 2:</strong></td>
<td><strong>ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 2:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intervention*</td>
<td>Strateg* OR “best practice”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AND</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>KEYWORD 3:</strong></td>
<td><strong>ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 3:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paediatric*</td>
<td>Child*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AND</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>KEYWORD 3:</strong></td>
<td><strong>ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 3:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Procedural pain”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Nurses experiences following a drug error

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keyword</th>
<th>Alternative / related words</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nurs*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experience*</td>
<td>Perception* OR view* OR feeling*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;drug error&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;medication error&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Parents experiences of the safeguarding process

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keyword</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>EXAMPLE: news</strong></td>
<td><strong>EXAMPLE: media or television</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 1:</td>
<td><strong>ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 1:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“parents experience*”</td>
<td><em><em>“Parents view</em>” OR “parents feeling</em>”**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 2:</td>
<td><strong>ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 2:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>safeguarding</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYWORD 3:</td>
<td><strong>ALTERNATIVES FOR KEYWORD 3:</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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What are the dental issues in children with seizure disorders?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keyword</th>
<th>Alternative / related words</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“Dental issues”</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Dental problems” OR “dental hygiene”</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child*</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Seizure disorders”</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Exercise 2: Database Searching

Have a go!

Become what you want to be
Exercise 2: Remember:

- Choose Databases
- Use the search tips e.g. truncation and phrase searching
- Narrow down publication date to last 10 years
- Narrow down to Academic Journals
## Saving your search

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Search Terms</th>
<th>Search Options</th>
<th>Actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( &quot;older adult&quot; or elderly or geriatric or geriatrics or aging or senior or seniors ) AND ( &quot;pressure ulcer*&quot; OR &quot;pressure sore*&quot; ) AND ( treat* OR manage* )</td>
<td>Search modes - Find all my search terms</td>
<td><a href="#">View Results</a> (328)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( &quot;older adult&quot; or elderly or geriatric or geriatrics or aging or senior or seniors ) AND ( &quot;pressure ulcer*&quot; OR &quot;pressure sore*&quot; ) AND treat*</td>
<td>Search modes - Find all my search terms</td>
<td><a href="#">View Results</a> (231)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( &quot;older adult&quot; or elderly or geriatric or geriatrics or aging or senior or seniors ) AND ( &quot;pressure ulcer*&quot; OR &quot;pressure sore*&quot; ) AND treatment</td>
<td>Search modes - Find all my search terms</td>
<td><a href="#">View Results</a> (196)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( older adult or elderly or geriatric or geriatrics or aging or senior or seniors ) AND &quot;pressure ulcer&quot; AND treatment</td>
<td>Search modes - Find all my search terms</td>
<td><a href="#">View Results</a> (174)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;older adult&quot; AND &quot;pressure ulcer&quot; AND treatment</td>
<td>Search modes - Find all my search terms</td>
<td><a href="#">View Results</a> (4)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Task 3: Collecting articles

- Email a few articles to yourself

- You will be making use of them for your Referencing part of your session
Using Google

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Google searches here...
The DEEP web

- Intranets (internal internet sites)
- Academic databases
- Unlinked sites which haven’t told Google they exist, or have asked to remain unlisted
- Basically, anything that needs a password
Alternatives to Google

Bing  https://www.bing.com/
the world’s second most popular search engine, run by Microsoft
Fewer ads

DuckDuckGo  https://duckduckgo.com/
Doesn’t retain your data or manipulate results

Dogpile  http://www.dogpile.com/
Metasearch engine – Google, Yahoo, Yandex
Referencing

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Referencing

- LSBU Harvard Referencing Style – Unique to LSBU, see our guides for info

- Reference as you read & ask for help early! – Visit the Research Help Desk

- Online guides and workbooks on LSBU Harvard Referencing & Plagiarism

Become what you want to be
In-text citation

Format: (Author, year) or (Author, year, page)

Examples:

For end of sentence
… other authors have denied this (Hartley, 1999).

As part of sentence
Hartley (1999) suggests that …

As part of direct quote
“transformation is key to …” (Hartley, 1999, p.74).
Example

…Developing skills in a team is a crucial component of an individual’s ongoing and continuous career development (Hearn and Thomson, 1987).

Melius (2013) observes that nursing is practiced with diverse ethnic groups and a large number of individuals served by social service and mental health agencies are people of colour. There are “five techniques or tools for practitioners that are most helpful, if not essential, for community practice” (Lippard and Bjorklund, 2004, p.102). Melius (2013) points out that social and environmental factors are critical in addressing childhood overweight and obesity. Lippard and Bjorklund (2004) go on to state that techniques are specific, repeatable, demonstrable, and measurable, “and repeatable in teams specifically” (Hearn and Thomson, 1987, p.85) …
Reference List


Reference List

- Should only contain the details of sources you’ve cited in your work.

- Put all your references in one list under the heading ‘Reference list’.

- Do not list resources by type.

- List references in alphabetical order by the authors’ surnames/names of corporate authors or by the first letter of the reference.
Secondary referencing

If you want to cite a work which is referenced in another work, you should try and track down the original. However, if this isn’t possible, make it clear in your text where you found the information and only include a reference to the document you’ve read.


Your reference list will include the full details of the Campbell and Muncer work, but no mention of Dunn’s.
Books

To reference a book in any of the styles, you will need the following details:

Author(s) of book
Year book was published
*Title of book* (in italics)
Edition if later than the first edition
Place the book was published
Name of publisher

These are known as **bibliographic** details
Journal articles

Author (Surname, Initials)
Year published (in brackets)
Title of article
*Name of Journal* (in italics)
Volume & issue number (in brackets)
First & last page numbers

**Example:**
Websites/electronic documents

Author (Surname, Initials or corporate author)  
Year of publication (in brackets)  
*Title* (in italics)  
Available from: URL  
[ Accessed date ]

**Example website:**  
Nursing and Midwifery Council (2010) *Safeguarding adults.*  
Available from:  
[ Accessed 20 January 2019 ].
Which is the correct reference?


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Which is the correct reference?


Which is the correct reference?


Which is the correct reference?

BBC (2016) *Pygmy goats offer care home therapy.*

BBC (2016) *Pygmy goats offer care home therapy.*
Available at: [http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-wiltshire-36276392](http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-wiltshire-36276392) [Accessed 7 July 2016].

BBC (2016) *Pygmy goats offer care home therapy.*
Which is the correct reference?


Tips!

• Keep track of everything you have used – start compiling your reference list as soon as you start reading a document
• Make accurate notes to distinguish your own words/ideas from the work of other people
• Be consistent
• It is better to reference too much than not enough
• If you are unsure, ask!

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1:1 support

Book a 1:1 with an Information Skills Librarian
go.lsbu.ac.uk/askalibrarian
• Database Searching e.g. Journal articles
• Referencing
• Using RefWorks

Email queries: askalibrarian@lsbu.ac.uk

Research Helpdesk
3 Bridge
Mon-Fri 12.00-4pm

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Any questions?

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